

IsiZulu ulimi lokuqala lokwengeza

Ibanga 10

Izivumelwano Zamagama

- Ukuze umusho wakheke kahle kumele kube khona izingxenye ezingaseqaleni kwamagama eziletha ukuvumelana phakathi kwawo. Ngaphandle kwalezi zingxenyana umusho awuzwakali kahle.
- Sinalezi zinhlobo-ke zezivumelwano nezibonelo zakhona esizulwini:

(i) Ezenhloko/umenzi

- Mina ngiyamuthanda ugogo
- Abantu bayingenisa inganekwane ngokuthi, “kwesukasukela bese abalalele bavume ngokuthi Cosu.”

Amagama ‘mina nabantu’ kule misho esebeenze njengomenzi. Izakhi (ngi-&ba) izivumelwano zenhloko. Zilethe ubudlelwane phakathi kwenhloko noma umenzi namagama alandisayo (ngiyamthanda & bayangenisa).

(ii) Ezikamenziwa:

- Mina ngiyamuthanda ugogo.
- Abantu bayingenisa inganekwane ngokuthi, “kwesukasukela bese abalalele bavume ngokuthi, Cosu”
 - Amagama adwetshelwe (ugogo & inganekwane) kule misho asebenze njengomenziwa. Izakhi (-mu-&yi-) izivumelwano zikamenziwa.
 - Zilethe ubudlelwane phakathi kwamabizo angumenziwa namagama alandisayo (ngiyamthanda & bayangenisa).

(iii) Ezesichasiso:

- Ezisiphawulo: kumndandi ukuba nogogo omuhle
- Esesibaluli: usixoxela izinhlobo ezahlukene zezinganekwane: izinganeko, imizekeliso nezinsumansumane.
- Ezobumnini: kuthiwa phela inganeko ngoba iphatelene nenkolo, isebenzisa uMdali njengomunye **wabalingiswa**.
- Ezenani: Langa limbe kwakukhona ukuthi nokuthi.

- Amagama (omuhke, ezahlukene, wabalingiswa & limbe) kule misho enza umsebenzi wokuchasisa. Izakhi (omu-, e-, wa- & li-) zibizwa ngokuthi izivumelwano zesichasiso: ezesiphawulo, ezesibaluli,ezongumnini nezenaningokwehlukana.
- Zilethe ubudlelwane phakathi kwamabizo namgama achazayo kule misho.
- Ngaphandle kwazo ngeke izwakalale kahle inkulumo njengoba sibona kulesi sigaba sendaba esingenhla.